







Loch Lomond

Adult female



So, a good case for eradication,

but is it possible?

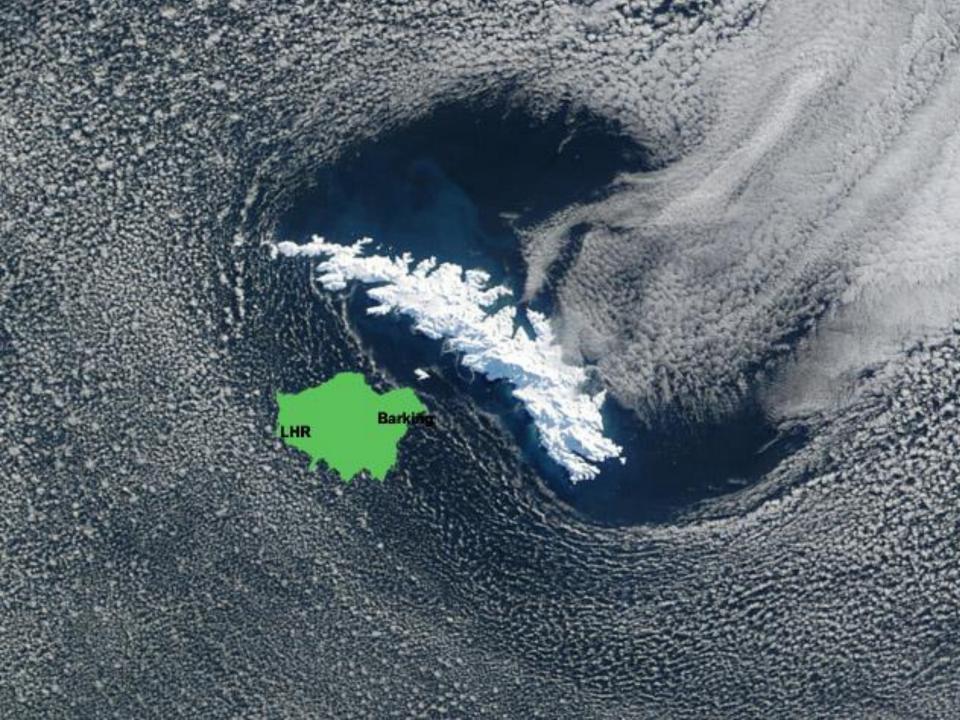
Criteria for eradication

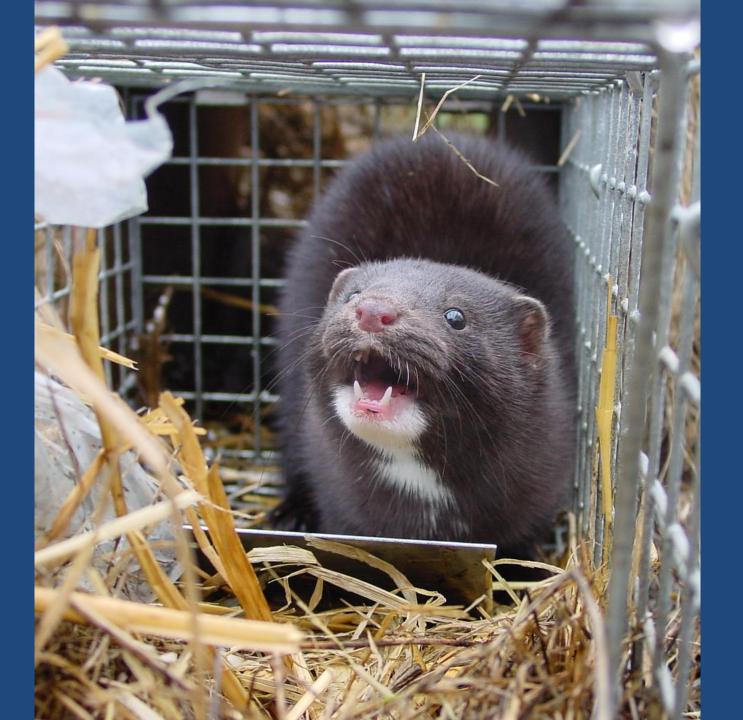
- 1. Can every individual be put at risk?
- 2. Can they be killed at a rate exceeding their rate of increase?
- 3. Is the probability of re-establishment manageable to near zero?
- 4. Is the project socially acceptable?
- 5. Do the benefits of the project outweigh the costs?
- 6. Can animals be detected at low densities?

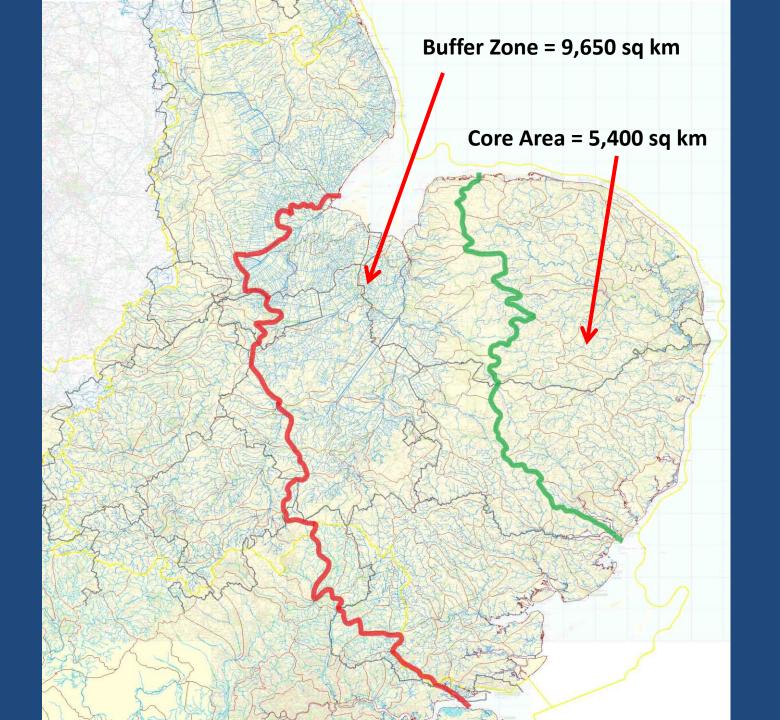
Answer is a cautious YES,

but.....

...the west coast of Scotland keeps me awake at night







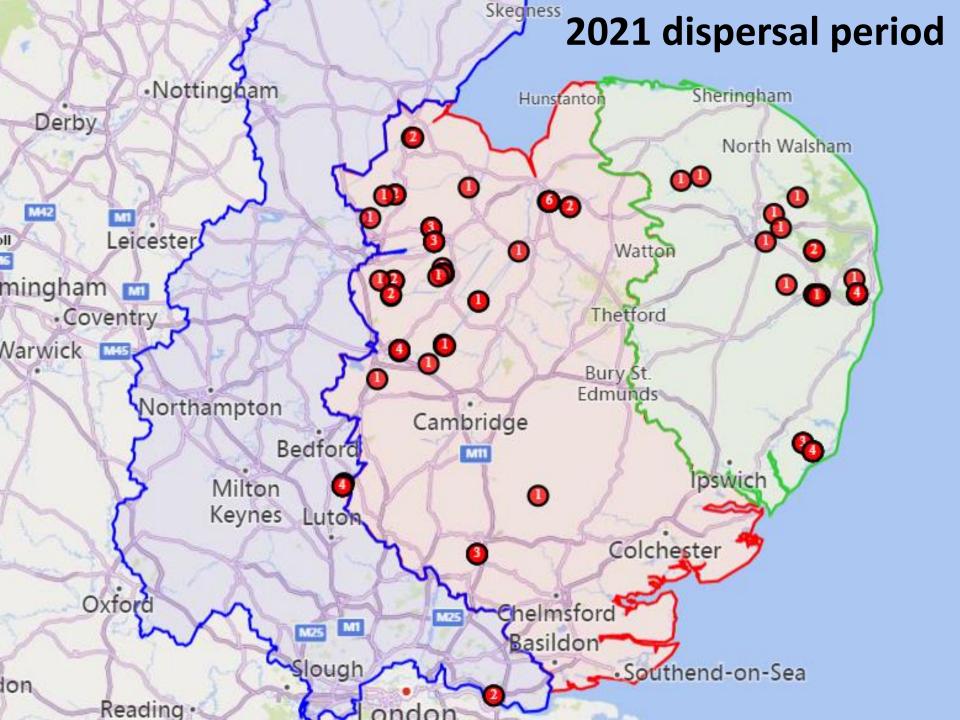


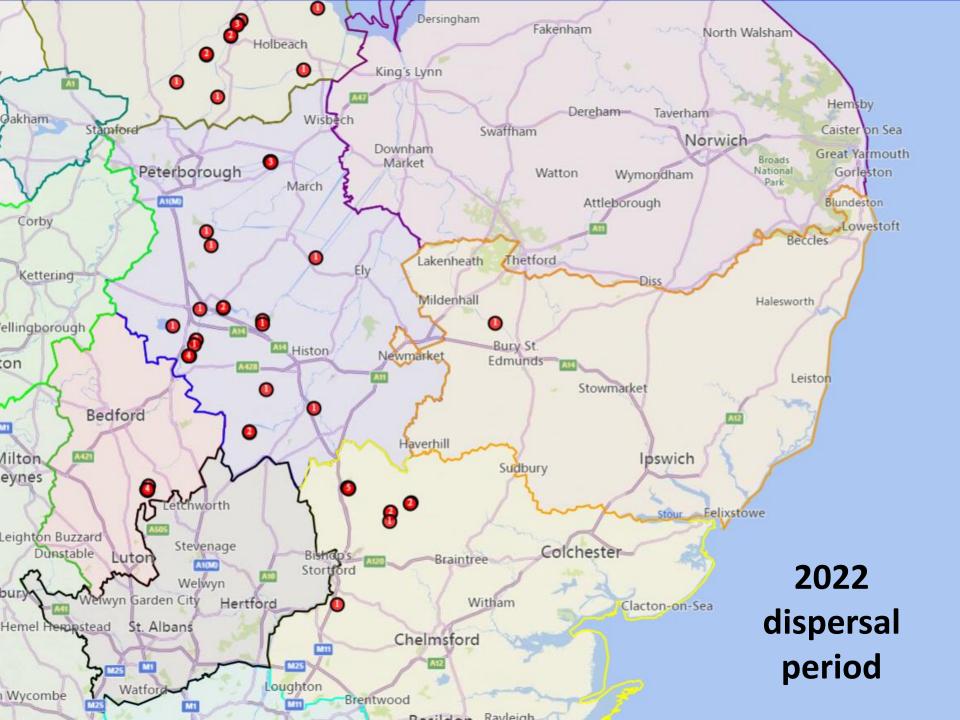
645,000 trap nights to date

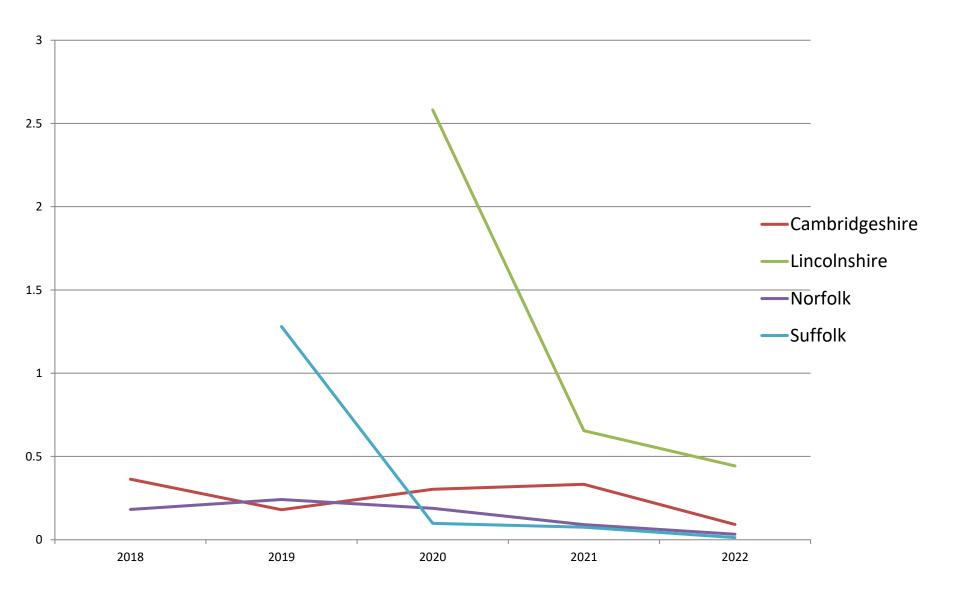
903 traps active on Sept 3rd

838 mink (2021 – 23)

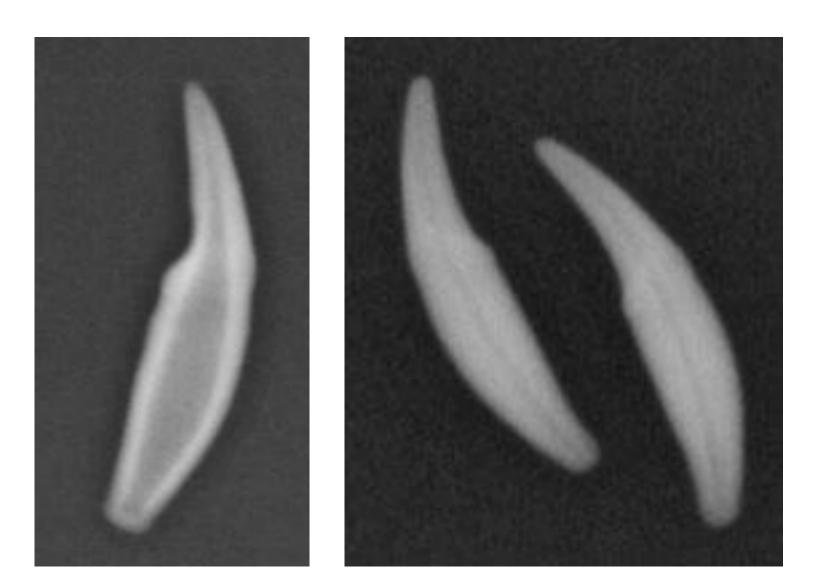




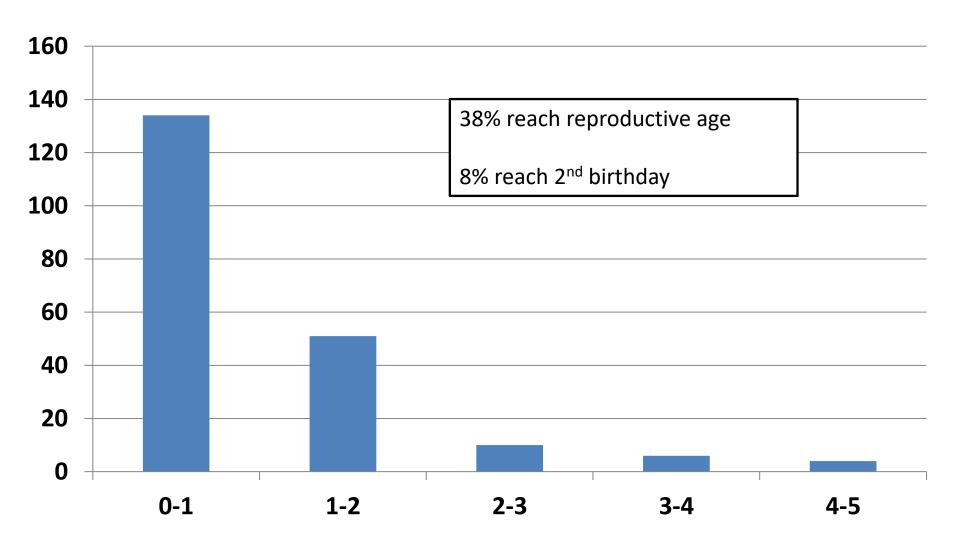




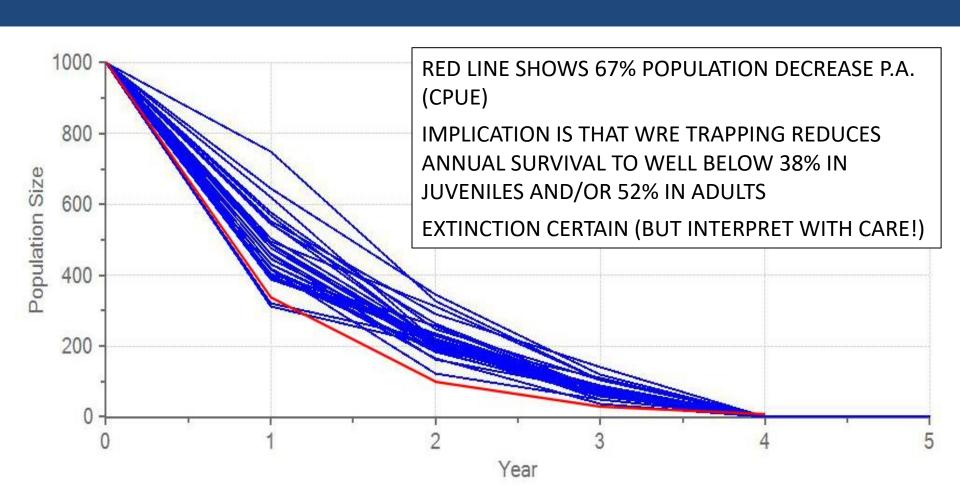
Catch per Unit Effort (CPUE)



Age class distribution (teeth)



Predicted population trend with observed apparent survival rate and zero reproduction



Can trapping alone bring about mink eradication?

The answer in Eastern England appears to be yes, and within 5 years.



What can explain all this?

Smart traps

Every raft in permanent trapping mode

98% reduction in trap visits





Standard WRT smart raft with water vole excluder

(all in recycled plastic with sealed edges to prevent erosion of polystyrene float)

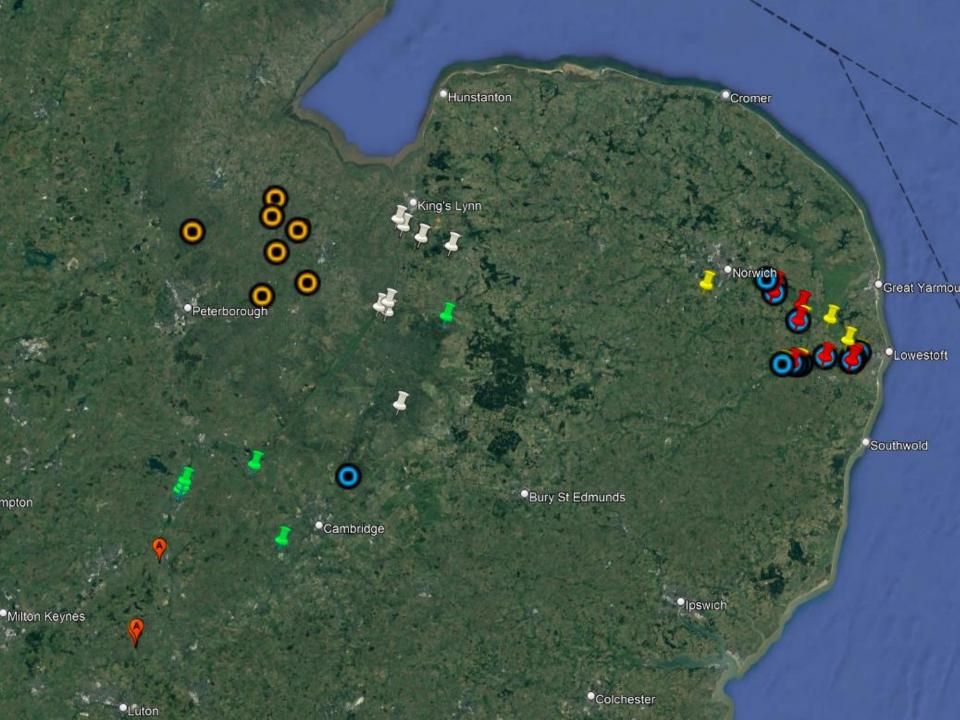
Golf balls & scent lures:

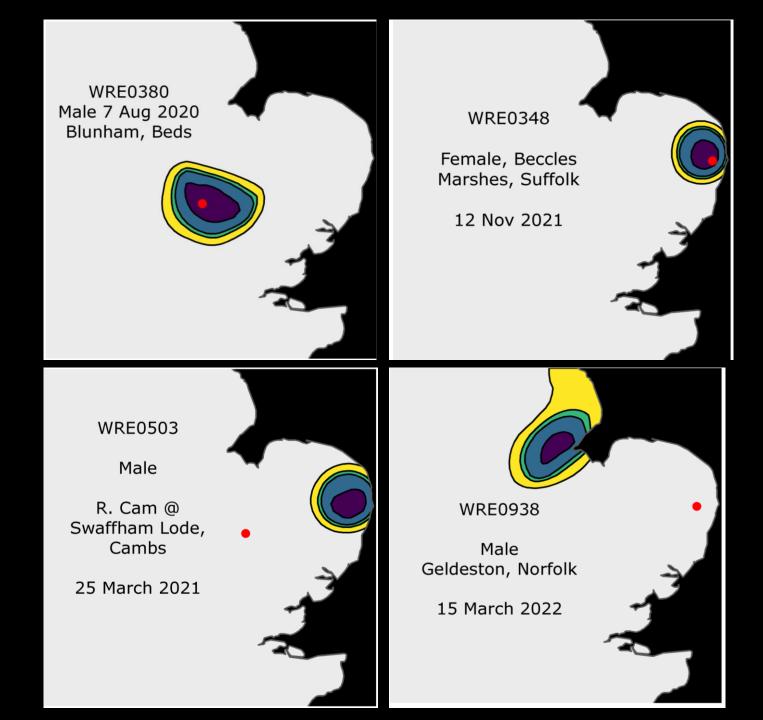
double the catch rate

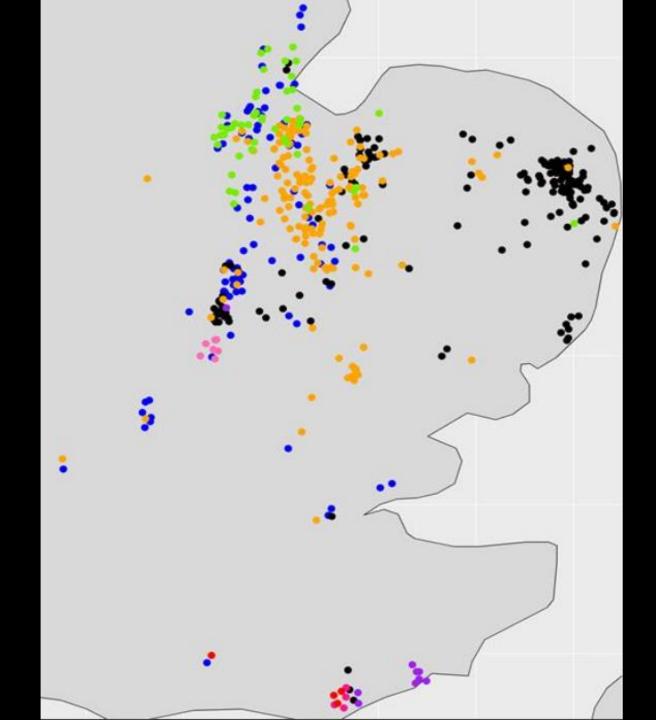


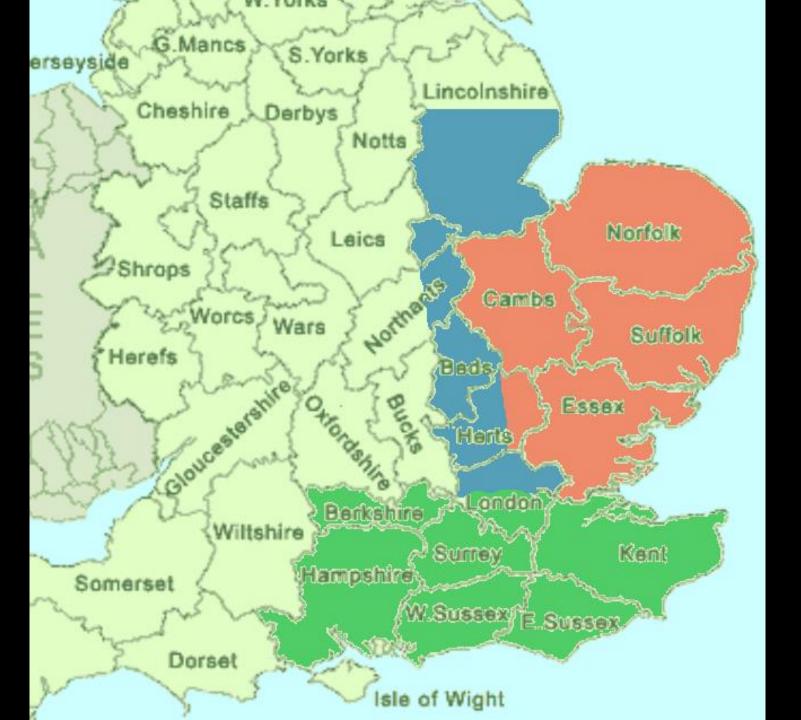












But Scotland is not like England, I hear you say!



Have you seen or caught an American Mink?

Please let us know

REPORT SIGHTING

REPORT CAPTURE





Newsletter

Keep up to date with the progress of Waterlife Recovery Trust by subscribing to our quarterly newsletter

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